

# St Mary's Catholic Primary School Curriculum Year 1 Autumn Term 1

Main Themes: Humans and Animals/Personal History
Cultural Capital/Enrichment: Birds of Prey Visit

## **End Points**

By the end of this half term the children will have had the opportunity to explore and settle into their new environment. In RE the children will recognise the beauty of God's world and understand the story of creation. They will have considered their responsibility to look after our world. The children will also have explored the story of Noah's Ark and the significance of the rainbow as a sign of God's promise.

In English, the children will have learnt the model text 'Billy's Bucket' and will have consolidated their ability to say and write a simple sentence, using finger spaces and a full stop. They will have written captions, sentences, information texts and wanted posters. In phonics the children will have revisited their learning from phase 3 and 4 before being introduced to the first few Phase 5 digraphs. They will have continued to read their phonically decodable books with increased confidence and fluency.

Within Maths lessons the children will have deepened their understanding of numbers to 10. They will also know about part whole models and will be able to use these to support addition and subtraction within 10. In science the children will be able to identify and name parts of the human body. Within this unit they will also have tested and explored their senses in a range of practical ways such as taste tests, smell tests, feely bags, firework displays and listening walks.

In computing the children will know how to log in to Purple Mash and will have explored grouping and sorting using 2DIY. They will know the importance of keeping their password safe and how to do this. By the end of the first Real PE unit of Year 1 the children will be able to balance on one leg, sidestep, hop, skip and pivot. Within history lessons they will have thought about their own personal history by sequencing events from their own life, and will have explored how we remember these special events. They will also be able to talk about similarities and differences between childhood today and in the past and will recognise how they, personally, have changed over time. In art lessons they will have explored techniques for shaping



|   | paper and will use these to create a giant spider sculpture. In RHE the children will have discovered that we are created by God and are all unique. They will have celebrated our similarities and differences and will know that we can give thanks to God in many ways. In music they will have learnt to sing a cumulative song and play classroom instruments to mark the beat.  |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Religious Education<br>God's Great Plan                   | In this topic the children will  Have an awareness of the beauty of God's world  Explore and respond to the wonders of creation e.g. the seasons  Knowledge and some understanding of the story of Creation from Genesis 1  Knowledge of the story of Creation of man and woman from Genesis 2  Know that God made us because He loves us but the first people, Adam and Eve, made some wrong choices.  Think of how we can show our love for God.  Understanding of choices that are good for the world and choices that are bad for the world  Know they have a responsibility to look after the world  Knowledge of the story of Noah & the Flood  Know that the rainbow is important in the story of the Flood  Think about its promise and hope. |   |  |
| English   | Talk 4 Writing genres: Sea poems Billy's Bucket - Cinderella Story Dolphins model text - Captions   | Class Read for pleasure Texts: Oi Frog, Super Daisy, Mum and Dad Glue, You're Called What? How Many Legs? The Snail and the Whale, The Storm Whale Harry and the Jaggedy Daggers, The Funnybones Collection |  |
| English - Reading<br>Comprehension<br>Skills/Word Reading | To retell familiar stories in increasing detail.  To check that a text makes sense to them as they read aloud.  To apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.  |   |  |



| To blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that they have been taught.  To respond speedily, giving the correct sound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes. |                                       |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
|   |                                       |  |
|   |                                       |  |
| To read words containing taught GPCs.   | To read words containing taught GPCs. |  |
| To reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.   |                                       |  |
| To link what they have read or have read to them to their own experiences.  |                                       |  |
| English- To listen to others in a range of situations and usually respond appropriately.  |                                       |  |
| Spoken Language To understand instructions with more than one point in many situations.   |                                       |  |
| Skills To think of alternatives for simple vocabulary choices.  |                                       |  |
| To recognise when it is their turn to speak in a discussion.  |                                       |  |
| To recognise that different people will have different responses and that these are as valuable as their own ideas an   | d                                     |  |
| opinions.   |                                       |  |
| English - To write lower case and capital letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place with a good le                                    | vel of                                |  |
| Handwriting Skills consistency.   |                                       |  |
| To sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly.  |                                       |  |
| To form digits 0-9.   |                                       |  |
| English - Writing To know all letters of the alphabet and the sounds which they most commonly represent.  |                                       |  |
| Spelling Skills To recognise consonant digraphs which have been taught and the sounds which they represent.   |                                       |  |
| To recognise vowel digraphs which have been taught and the sounds which they represent.   |                                       |  |
| To recognise words with adjacent consonants.  |                                       |  |
| English - Writing To compose a sentence orally before writing it.   |                                       |  |
| Composition Skills To discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils.  |                                       |  |
| To use adjectives to describe.  |                                       |  |
| To use a number of simple features of different text types and to make relevant choices about subject matter and  |                                       |  |
| appropriate vocabulary choices.   |                                       |  |
| English - Writing To use finger spaces.   |                                       |  |
| VGP Skills To use full stops to end sentences.  |                                       |  |
| To use simple sentence structures.  |                                       |  |



| Mathematics Skills | Place Value   | Addition and Subtraction                          |  |
|--------------------|---|---|--|
|                    | Step 1 Sort objects   | Step 1 Introduce parts and wholes                 |  |
| Small steps        | Step 2 Count objects  | Step 2 Part-whole model                           |  |
|                    | Step 3 Count objects from a larger group  | Step 3 Write number sentences                     |  |
|                    | Step 4 Represent objects  | Step 4 Fact families – addition facts             |  |
|                    | Step 5 Recognise numbers as words   | Step 5 Number bonds within 10                     |  |
|                    | Step 6 Count on from any number   | Step 6 Systematic number bonds within 10          |  |
|                    | Step 7 1 more   |   |  |
|                    | Step 8 Count backwards within 10  |   |  |
|                    | Step 9 1 less   |   |  |
|                    | Step 10 Compare groups by matching  |   |  |
|                    | Step 11 Fewer, more, same   |   |  |
|                    | Step 12 Less than, greater than, equal to   |   |  |
|                    | Step 13 Compare numbers   |   |  |
|                    | Step 14 Order objects and numbers   |   |  |
|                    | Step 15 The number line   |   |  |
| Science Knowledge  | To identify and name a variety of common animals including  | ng fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. |  |
| Animals including  | To identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.                         |   |  |
| Humans             | • To describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals   |   |  |
|                    | including pets).  |   |  |
|                    | • To identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with |   |  |
|                    | each sense.   |   |  |
|                    |   |   |  |



| Working               | asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways                                   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Scientifically skills | observing closely, using simple equipment   |
|                       | performing simple tests   |
|                       | identifying and classifying   |
|                       | using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions  |
|                       | gathering and recording data to help in answering questions   |
| Computing             | To know how to log on safely to Purple Mash and understand why that is important.                                     |
| Knowledge             | To know how to create an avatar on Purple Mash and to understand what it is and how it is used.                       |
| Purple Mash Unit      | To know how to create a picture using purple Mash Paint Tools and add their own name to it.                           |
| Online Safety and     | To understand the idea of 'ownership' of creative work by saving work to the My Work area of purple mash and          |
| Exploring Purple      | understand that this is private space.  |
| Mash                  | • To sort various items both offline and using the 'Grouping' activities in Purple Mash. using a variety of criteria. |
| Computing             | To use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and    |
| Skills                | support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.                |
|                       | To use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.                   |
| PE Knowledge          | Coordination- Footwork  |
|                       | To keep head up and back straight.  |
| Unit 1- social        | To work off balls of feet looking straight ahead.   |
|                       | To bend knees to push off and land.   |
|                       | Static Balance- 1 leg   |
|                       | To keep head up and still.  |
|                       | To keep tummy (core muscles) tight and back straight.   |
|                       | To use arms to help balance.  |



| PE Skills   | Coordination- Footwork  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
|   | <ul> <li>Combine side-steps with 180° front pivots of</li> </ul>  | f either foot.   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Combine side-steps with 180° reverse pivots</li> </ul>   | off either foot.   |  |
| Unit 1- social  | <ul> <li>Skip with knee and opposite elbow at 90° an</li> </ul>   | gle.   |  |
|   | Hopscotch forwards and backwards, hopping   | g on the same leg (right and left).  |  |
|   |   | th movements/ movements performed in both directions and both  |  |
|   | sides.  | · ·  |  |
|   | Static Balance- 1 leg   |  |  |
|   | Stand still for 30 seconds.   |  |  |
|   | Complete 5 mini-squats.   |  |  |
|   | With minimum wobble (control)/ standing foot still/   | non-standing foot off the floor.   |  |
| Music Knowledge   | Know how to:  |  |  |
|   | Create a dramatic group performance using kitchen-themed props.   |  |  |
| Unit: Menu Song   | <ul> <li>Sing a cumulative song from memory, remembering the order of the verses and play classroom instruments to n</li> </ul>   |  |  |
|   | the beat.   |  |  |
|   | Copy a leader in a call-and-response song, show the shape of the pitch moving with actions and sing using mi-re-do.   |  |  |
|   | Listen and move in time to the song.  |  |  |
| Music Skills  | <ul> <li>Sing simple chants and rhymes from memory, singing collectively and at the same pitch, responding to simple<br/>directions (e.g. stop, start, loud, quiet) and counting in.</li> </ul> |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to a stimulus e.g. a rainstorm</li> </ul> |   |  |  |
|   | journey. Combine to make a story using classroom instruments or sound-makers.   |  |  |
|   |   | k, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes. |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Respond to the pulse in recorded/live music through movement and dance.</li> </ul>   |  |  |
|   | Explore percussion sounds to explore storyte  | elling.  |  |
|   | National Curriculum   | Progression Statements Taken from Schemes of Work e.g. Kapow   |  |
|   | End of key Stage 1  |  |  |



|  | Pupils should be able to:   |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
|  | How am I mak  | ing History?  |  |
| Key Disciplinary   | Key Disciplinary Concepts: Change and Continuity, Similarities and Differences, Historical Significance, Sources of Evidence, Historical  |   |  |
|  | Interpret   |   |  |
| History Knowledge (Substantive)  History Skills (Disciplinary) | Changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life  Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.  • understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically-valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses | <ul> <li>To know that a timeline shows the order events in the past happened.</li> <li>To know that we start by looking at 'now' on a timeline then look back.</li> <li>To know that 'the past' is events that have already happened.</li> <li>To know that 'the present' is time happening now.</li> <li>To know that within living memory is 100 years.</li> <li>To know that people change as they grow older.</li> <li>To know that throughout someone's lifetime, some things will change and some things will stay the same.</li> <li>To know that there are similarities and differences between their lives today and their lives in the past.</li> <li>To know that people celebrate special events in different ways</li> <li>To know that some people and events are considered more 'special' or significant than others.</li> <li>To know that photographs can tell us about the past.</li> <li>To know that we can find out about the past by asking people who were there.</li> <li>To know that we remember some (but not all) of the events that we have lived through.</li> <li>To know that the past can be represented in photographs</li> <li>Sequencing three or four events in their own life</li> <li>Using common words and phrases for the passing of time (e.g.</li> </ul> |  |

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|                    |   | now, long ago, then, before, after)  |
|--------------------|---|--|
|                    |   | Placing events on a simple timeline.   |
|                    |   | Being aware that some things have changed and some have stayed                   |
|                    |   | the same in their own lives  |
|                    |   | Describing simple changes and ideas/objects that remain the same.                |
|                    |   | Understanding that some things change while other items remain                   |
|                    |   | the same and some are new.   |
|                    |   | Beginning to look for similarities and differences over time in their            |
|                    |   | own lives.   |
|                    |   | Recalling special events in their own lives.                                     |
|                    |   | <ul> <li>Using artefacts, photographs and visits to museums to answer</li> </ul> |
|                    |   | simple questions about the past.   |
|                    |   | Beginning to identify different ways to represent the past (e.g.                 |
|                    |   | photos, stories).  |
|                    |   | Making simple observations about the past from a source                          |
|                    |   | Interpreting evidence by making simple deductions                                |
|                    |   | Describing the main features of concrete evidence of the past or                 |
|                    |   | historical evidence.   |
|                    |   | Communicating findings through discussion and timelines with                     |
|                    |   | physical objects/ pictures   |
|                    |   | <ul> <li>Using vocabulary such as - old, new, long time ago</li> </ul>           |
| Sculpture and 3D - | To use a range of materials creatively to                     | <ul> <li>To know that we can change paper from 2D to 3D by folding,</li> </ul>   |
| Paper Play         | design and make products.                                     | rolling and scrunching it.   |
| Art Knowledge      | <ul> <li>To use drawing, painting and sculpture to</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>To know that three dimensional art is called sculpture.</li> </ul>      |
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|                    |   |  |



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|--------------------|--|--|
| Art Skills         | <ul> <li>develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.</li> <li>To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.</li> <li>About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Exploring their own ideas using a range of media.</li> <li>Using sketchbooks to explore ideas in an open-ended way.</li> <li>Using their hands to manipulate a range of modelling materials, including paper and card and exploring how to join and fix materials in place.</li> <li>Creating 3D forms to make things from their imagination or recreate things they have seen.</li> <li>Describing similarities and differences between practices in Art and design, e.g. between painting and sculpture, and linking these to their own work.</li> <li>Describing and comparing features of their own work and others' artwork</li> </ul> |
| RHE/PHSE/SMSC      | Module 1: Created and Loved by God   |  |
| (Relationships and | Me, My body my health  |  |
| Health Education)  | <ul> <li>We are unique, with individual gifts, talents and skills.</li> <li>Our bodies are good and made by God</li> <li>That our bodies are good</li> <li>The names of our body parts (please refer to the Module Overview for important guidance on discussing genitalia)</li> <li>That girls and boys have been created by God to be both similar and different, together making up the richness of the human family</li> </ul>   |  |
|                    | <ul> <li>That our bodies are good and we need to look at What constitutes a healthy lifestyle, including exercing the second of the second</li></ul> |  |

It is natural for us to relate to and trust one another.



|                   | World Mental Health Day  |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | Black History  |
|                   | Explaining to children what "Black history" means and what Black History Month is. |
|                   | Reading up on diversity.   |
|                   | Watching history together.   |
|                   | Inviting children to listen to inspiring Black musical artists.                    |
|                   | Teaching them about Black icons.   |
|                   |  |
|                   |  |
| Mental Health and | Safeguarding links   |
| Wellbeing         | PHSE: Living in the wider world  |
| Safeguarding      | Start of year rules  |
| Curriculum Links  | Mission statement assembly   |
|                   | Peace Day assembly   |
|                   | World mental health day  |
|                   | Black history day  |
|                   | 2 x multicultural days   |

