

St Mary's Catholic Primary School Curriculum				
Year 6 Autumn 1				
	Main Themes: Local History			
	Classification of Living Things			
End Points	By the end of this first half term, in Maths the children will have developed a greater concept of the formal written methods for multiplication and division, having secured their understanding of written addition and subtraction. In English they will be able to write a diary and a recount, applying features appropriately. In History, they will have a greater understanding of the local area and how it has changed over time. This will involve looking at local records. They will develop their Science knowledge about humans and animals and how they are classified. They will know how to use the body to perform controlled movements in gymnastics. In French our topic is 'Les Quatre Saisons'. The children will learn to say the four seasons and express opinions about seasonal pictures. In Art and Design, they will have studied craft design explaining how a new image can be created using a combination of other images. They will understand what photomontage is and recognise how artists use photography. In Computing, they will know how to use the program design process to effectively code. In music, they will have explored songs from World War Two, exploring melodies and harmonies. In RE, they will have explored the second Creation Story and the Sacrament of Baptism. In their RHE work they will have started the first module about how they are loved by God and developed an understanding of the importance of valuing themselves as the basis for personal relationships. They will begin formal practise of SATs papers in preparation for their tests later on in the year.			
Religious Education  Creation and  Covenant	In this topic the children will learn how to show an understanding of literary forms found in the biblical texts studied. They will be able to explain the Church's teaching on the purpose of the second Creation story and the purpose of scientific accounts, referencing Laudato Si' 66-67. They will be able to explain Christian beliefs about the Sacrament of Baptism and show an understanding of 'original sin' by making links with the second story of			



	creation. They will learn that in Jesus a new covenant is made and through him the relationship with God can be restored – they will make links to John's Gospel and the Nicene Creed. They will describe the work of Christian scientists who have contributed to the scientific understanding of the beginnings of the universe (e.g. Mendel, Lemaitre, Blundell) recognising that many scientists are Christians and they do not see any conflict between their faith and science. By the end of this unit of study, pupils will to able to talk and think critically and creatively, articulating reasons which might lead to judgements different to their own.
English	
English - Reading Comprehension Skills/Word Reading	<ul> <li>Through all units children will be taught to:         <ul> <li>maintain positive attitudes to reading and an understanding of what they read by:</li> <li>continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks</li> <li>reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</li> <li>increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions</li> <li>recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices</li> <li>Ask questions to improve their understanding</li> </ul> </li> <li>Word Reading:         <ul> <li>apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet</li> </ul> </li> <li>Skills Focus:         <ul> <li>To draw inferences from characters and events in Who Let the Gods Out? And, justify within evidence.</li> </ul> </li> <li>To retrieve and record information from the fictional poem To Asgard!         <ul> <li>To summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph in Hidden Figures and identify the key details that support the main ideas.</li> <li>To identify and discuss the themes and conventions within The British text.</li> <li>To draw inferences from characters and events in War Horse and justify with evidence.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



English-	Ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge.			
Spoken Language	Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates.			
Skills	Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary.			
	To maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic, initiating and responding to			
	comments with confidence.			
	To regularly ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge.			
	To articulate and justify answers with confidence in a range of situations			
English -	To write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed			
Handwriting Skills				
English - Writing	Introduce: Endings which sound like /sh/ + /ə/ + /s/ spelt -cious or -tious			
Spelling Skills	Introduce: Endings which sound like /sh/ + /ə/ + /l/ spelt -cial, -tial			
	Introduce: Words ending in -able and -ible			
	Introduce: Words ending in -ably and -ibly			
	Introduce: Adding prefixes tele-, audio-			
English - Writing	Vehicle Text: Rose Blanche			
Outcome and				
Writing Purpose	Recount: Diary			
	Purpose: To recount			
	Recount: Bravery Speech Award			
	Purpose: To recount and inform (hybrid)			
English – Grammar:	Duild as was in a sea O feet and			
Word	Build on previous year & focus on:			
	Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms			
	Onderstand now words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms			
	The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing			
	– formal and informal vocabulary choices			
	Torritor and mornial vocabulary choices			



English – Grammar Sentence	Build on previous year & focus on:			
	The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal -use of question tags in informal speech			
	Develop understanding of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence			
English – Grammar		·		
Text	Build on previous year & focus on:			
	using a wider range of cohesive devices - adverbials			
English – Grammar: Punctuation				
	Indicate grammatical features using the semi-colon to mark the boundary between independent clauses			
	Dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis			
Terminology for Pupils	subject, object, active, passive, synonym, antonym, ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon, bullet points			
Mathematics Skills	Number: Place Value	Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication & Division		
Small Steps	Step 1 Numbers to 1,000,000	Step 1 Add and subtract integers		
	Step 2 Numbers to 10,000,000	Step 2 Common factors		
	Step 3 Read and write numbers to	Step 3 Common multiples		
	10,000,000	Step 4 Rules of divisibility		
	Step 4 Powers of 10	Step 5 Primes to 100		
	Step 5 Number line to 10,000,000	Step 6 Square and cube numbers		
	Step 6 Compare and order any integers	Step 7 Multiply up to a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number		
	Step 7 Round any integer	Step 8 Solve problems with multiplication		
1	Step 8 Negative numbers	Step 9 Short division		



Science Knowledge Classification of	Step 10 Division using factors Step 11 Introduction to long division Step 12 Long division with remainders Step 13 Solve problems with division Step 14 Solve multi-step problems  To describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals.		
living things	To give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.		
Working Scientifically Skills	Recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, and bar and line graphs.  Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations Planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary		
Computing Knowledge Purple Mash Unit Coding	To know how to use the program design process to effectively code		
Computing Skills	<ul> <li>Design and create systems that accomplish given goals.</li> <li>Simulate physical systems.</li> <li>Solve problems in writing programs by decomposing them into smaller parts.</li> <li>Use selection and repetition in programs.</li> <li>Work with variables.</li> <li>Explain how some simple algorithms work and detect and correct errors in them.</li> <li>Combine a variety of software to accomplish given goals on a range of digital devices.</li> </ul>		



	Design and create systems that accomplish given goals.			
	Analyse and evaluate information and data.			
PE Knowledge	Real Gym Unit 1			
	Hand apparatus			
	To focus eyes on a fixed point.			
	To hold apparatus away from body to enable fluent movement.			
	<ul> <li>To decide on footwork pattern and jump before starting.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>To hold apparatus away from body to allow for fluent and free movement and apparatus movement.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>To land through balls of feet with soft knees to absorb impact.</li> </ul>			
	Use spotting to aid balance.			
	Tighten muscles to enable controlled movements.			
	<ul> <li>Concentrate on coordination of apparatus with body movements.</li> </ul>			
	Low apparatus			
	<ul> <li>To maintain good body tension and extension.</li> </ul>			
	To concentrate on coordination of body parts.			
	<ul> <li>To keep at least one body part in contact with apparatus.</li> </ul>			
	To use whole body to create the shape.			
	<ul> <li>To tighten body to hold the shape and extended.</li> </ul>			
	To use spotting to maintain balance.			
	To choose type of rotation before starting.			
	<ul> <li>To decide on footwork pattern and jump before starting.</li> </ul>			
	To squeeze body muscles during flight phase.			
	To land through balls of feet with soft knees to absorb impact.			
	Netball			
	<ul> <li>How to organise our team, selecting who to play in each position and understanding why</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>How to create and apply attacking tactics during a game to create attacking opportunities.</li> </ul>			



How to regain possession if we lose possession of the ball.			
<ul> <li>How to create and apply defensive tactics during a game to prevent attacking opportunities.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>How to apply the basic rules of netball and will be able to take responsibility for officiating and managing</li> </ul>			
our own games.			
Real Gym- Unit 1 Perform trickiest shape, balance, travel, flight, rotation skills.			
Hand apparatus			
<ul> <li>Explore different ways to perform gymnastics skills with a ball and begin to link these to create a</li> </ul>			
sequence- bounce ball side roll, throw and catch one impulse turn, rotate hoop on ankle pirouette, toll ball/hoop forward roll.			
<ul> <li>Develop sequences using different types of ball movements in combination with gymnastics skills, incorporating changes in levels, speeds, pathways and directions.</li> </ul>			
Consolidate and perform sequences using different types of ball movements in combination with			
gymnastics skills, incorporating changes in levels, speeds, pathways and directions. <b>Low apparatus</b>			
<ul> <li>Explore different ways to perform gymnastics skills using benches and begin to link these to create a</li> </ul>			
sequence- jump over bench, jump down from low table, caterpillar on bench.			
<ul> <li>Develop sequences using different ways to link movements, including different timing and directions, e.g</li> </ul>			
canon, synchronised, contrasting.			
<ul> <li>Consolidate and perform sequences using different ways to link movements, including different timing</li> </ul>			
and directions, e.g. canon, synchronised, contrasting.			
Netball			
Consolidate keeping possession, develop officiating			
Consolidate defending			
Create, understand and apply attacking/defending tactics in game situations			
This unit will run across the whole of the Autumn Term.			
To know that 'Pack up your troubles in your old kit bag' and 'We'll meet again' are examples of songs			
popular during WW2.			



Unit: Songs of	<ul> <li>To know that the Solfa syllables represent the pitches in an octave.</li> </ul>				
World War Two	<ul> <li>A 'counter-subject' or 'counter-melody' provides contrast to the main melody.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>To know that a counter-melody is different to harmony because it uses a different rhythm as well as</li> </ul>				
	complementary notes.				
French Knowledge					
KS2 only	<ul> <li>Join in with a song about the seasons and pick out the main points and familiar language.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>To recall previously learnt vocabulary in a new context (Days of the week, months, weather, colour.</li> <li>Recap numbers and count to 100</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Revise weather phrases and describe the weather in different seasons.</li> </ul>				
	Recap colours and months of the year.				
French Skills	Listen and understand the main points from short, spoken material in French.				
KS2 only					
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	National Curriculum	Progression Statements Taken from Schemes of Work e.g.			
	End of key Stage 1/2	Kapow			
	Pupils should be able to:				
	What does the Census te	ll us about our local area?			
Key Concepts: Ch	ronological Awareness, Change and Continuity	, Cause and Consequence, Sources of Evidence, Similarities and			
	Differences, Historical Interpretations, Historical	rical Enquiry, Civilisation (social and cultural).			
History Knowledge	a local history study	To know that change can be traced using the census.			
		To know that members of society standing up for their			
		rights can be the cause of change.			
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# Catholic Primary School and Nursery

- **History Skills**
- understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed
- gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long-term timescales.
- understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historicallyvalid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses

- To know that a census is carried out every ten years and is an official survey which records every person living in a household on a specific date.
- To understand the types of information that can be extracted from the census.
- To understand some of the key terms on the census, for example, scholar, ditto, occupation and marital status.
- To understand how to compare different census extracts by analysing the entries in individual columns
- Sequencing events on a timeline, comparing where it fits in with times studied in previous year groups
- Using relevant dates and relevant terms for the period and period labels e.g.Stone Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age
- Relating current study on timeline to other periods of history studied.
- Comparing and making connections between different contexts in the past.
- Describing change throughout time.
- Recognising primary and secondary sources.
- Using a range of sources to find out about a particular aspect of the past.
- Evaluating the usefulness of historical sources.
- Identifying how conclusions have been arrived at by linking sources
- Addressing and devising historically valid questions.
- Planning a historical enquiry.



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- Suggesting the evidence needed to carry out the enquiry.
- Identifying methods to use to carry out the research.
- Developing an awareness of the variety of historical evidence in different periods of time
- Recognising 'gaps' in evidence.
- Considering a range of factors when discussing the reliability of sources, e.g. audience, purpose, accuracy, the creators of the source.
- Interpreting evidence in different ways using evidence to substantiate statements.
- Making increasingly complex interpretations using more than one source of evidence.
- Making connections, drawing contrasts and analysing within a period and across time.
- Beginning to interpret simple statistical sources.
- Reaching conclusions which are increasingly complex and substantiated by a range of sources
- Communicating knowledge and understanding in an increasingly diverse number of ways, including discussion, debates, drama, art, writing, blog posts and podcasts.
- Showing written and oral evidence of continuity and change as well as indicting simple causation.
- Using historical evidence to create an imaginative reconstruction exploring the feelings of people from the time.



		<ul> <li>Constructing structured and organised accounts using historical terms and relevant historical information from a range of sources.</li> <li>Using evidence to support and illustrate claims.</li> <li>Constructing structured and organised accounts using historical terms and relevant historical information from a range of sources.</li> <li>Using evidence to support and illustrate claims</li> </ul>
Craft Design - Photo Opportunity Art Knowledge	<ul> <li>To develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing</li> </ul>	To know that a 'monochromatic' artwork uses tints and shades of just one colour.
Art Skills	<ul> <li>awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.</li> <li>To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.</li> <li>To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay.</li> <li>To know about great artists, architects and designers in history.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Drawing upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their own starting points for creative outcomes.</li> <li>Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas and plans using sketchbooks.</li> <li>Developing personal, imaginative responses to a design brief, using sketchbooks and independent research.</li> <li>Justifying choices made during a design process, explaining how the work of creative practitioners have influenced their final outcome.</li> <li>Describing, interpreting and evaluating the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, and</li> </ul>



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		<ul> <li>describing how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.</li> <li>Giving reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and intention.</li> <li>Independently using their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.</li> </ul>
RHE/PHSE/SMSC	RHE Module One: Created and loved by God	
(Relationships and	Unit 2: Me, My Body, My Health  • Identity	
Health Education)	Girls' Bodies	
	Boys' Bodies	
	Personal Hygiene	
	World Mental Health Day	
Mental Health and	Safeguarding links	
Wellbeing	PHSE: Living in the wider world	
Safeguarding	Start of year rules	
Curriculum Links	Mission statement assembly	
	Peace Day assembly	
	World mental health day	
	Black history day	
	2 x multicultural days	

